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TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) by Express Mail is the complete patent application of: Hideaki Tani and Koji Taniguchi, entitled STREAM DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM executed on November 25, 1998.

- X 1. An application consisting of 51 pages of specification and claims and 6 sheets of formal drawings is attached.
- X 2. A newly executed Declaration and Power of Attorney is attached.
- X 3. An Assignment of the invention to Digital Vision Laboratories Corporation is attached. A Cover Sheet prepared in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 3.31 is attached to the Assignment. Please record this Assignment in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 3.11.
- X 4. A filing date in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.10 is requested. The Express Mail Certificate appears below.
- X 5. An Information Disclosure Statement with references is enclosed
- X 6. Priority of application Serial No. 10-195726, filed on July 10, 1998, in Japan, is claimed under 35 U.S.C. § 119. A certified copy of the priority document is attached.

COMPUTATION OF FEE

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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

STREAM DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to an information delivery system for delivering digital information transmitted through a broadcasting network or a communication network to a plurality of terminal devices, especially, to a stream distribution system which handles stream data.

10 In Recent years, by the spread of the digital broadcasting network and the communication network (including a computer network) which includes digital satellite broadcasting and CATV, etc., a system to be called a so-called information delivery system, to
15 provide various information, that is, multimedia information for many and unspecified homes (Hereafter, called as a user) is being achieved. Here, multimedia information means digital information on the video, the static image, and the voice, etc. In this digital
20 information, information, which especially includes an video, a voice, a static image, and character information, etc., and requires a real time characteristic, is called stream data. This stream data is
25 composed only of a static image and character information.

To achieve such an information delivery system,

a local area servers which is called as a set-top box (STB) and/or an IRD (Integrated Receiver Decoder) is proposed. The personal computer connected with a television set and a communication network is handled
5 as a terminal device for the local area server.

A preferable construction is as follows as the information delivery system. That is, it is desirable that the information delivery system is constructed as being arranged in each home, being connected with a
10 plurality of terminal devices such as television sets and personal computers, and receives plural kinds of stream data transmitted through the digital broadcasting network and the communication network and send it to each terminal device. Plural kinds
15 of stream data includes video stream (VS) from video on demand (VOD) system which uses the communication network etc. besides said digital broadcasting stream (BS).

In such a system, the user arbitrarily selects
20 information (program and title, etc.) which wants to attend from among broadcasting stream (BS) and video stream (VS) to be able to reproduce the information on the display of the terminal device.

As mentioned above, the user selects desired
25 information on the demand from various stream data by the information delivery system to be able to attend the information. By the way, the content of the

transmitted program has changed hourly especially in the broadcasting stream. Therefore, there is a possibility to overlook a program with a high demand started in another channel (for example CATV), when, for example, an attention of the stream of the channel (for example satellite broadcasting) which the user selected is done. In this specification, a term "attention (attend)" means that the stream data is received, decoded, and reproduced at the terminal device.

There is a possibility that a similar state is generated in case of the user attends first the stream of VOD. To prevent such a state, the stream not selected by the user is monitored as a background, and when the attention priority of the user changes, a method of switching the stream of the selected attention and the background stream is proposed. Here, the data transmission band (sending band to the terminal device) is usually limited in the system like the local area network which includes said local area server. This data transmission band (Or, only called as "band") means an amount of the transmission data per unit time (bps: bits per second).

Since there is a band limitation like the above-mentioned, it is necessary to prepare the distribution option having a narrow band for each channel of the broadcasting stream (Or, channel of the VOD stream).

Then, by using this distribution option having a narrow band, the method of simultaneously displaying channels on a display of the terminal device by mixing the stream of each channel is proposed.

5 However, the picture quality at attending the stream relatively becomes low when the band is narrow. To attend the stream which the user demands by the high picture quality, it is necessary to reset the band of the corresponding stream, but the operation procedure
10 is complex. It is not actually easy even though it is preferable to be able to change the band distribution of each channel continuously and arbitrarily.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 An object of the present invention is to provide a stream distribution system which receives the plural kinds of stream data, selects the information with high priority of request of user, and can distribute the information to the terminal devices by appropriate band within the range of limited data transmission band.

20 The present invention is an information delivery system which has reception means for receiving the stream data on plural kinds of digital form transmitted through the broadcasting network or the communication network, selection means for selecting the fixed
25 units of information from the stream data received by the reception means according to the request from a terminal device, and sending means for sending the

selected information by the selection means to
a predetermined terminal device.

Specifically, the reception means simultaneously
receives plural kinds of stream data of the packet unit.

5 The selection means selects (extracts) information
of the packet unit according to the instruction from
the terminal device. The sending means performs a
filtering processing for adjusting the transmission
band of the stream data within the range of the limited
10 transmission band to send to the terminal device.

With such a system configuration, the user comes
to be able to attend stream data on the program with
high attention priority selectively from among
broadcasting stream data and stream data from the VOD
15 system. In this case, the transmission band of
selected stream data is adjusted within the range of
the limitation of the transmission band allocated in
the terminal device. Therefore, the user does not take
part even when there is no room in the transmission
20 band for the terminal device, the transmission band of
selected stream data is adjusted automatically, and
selected stream data is transmitted to the terminal
device. The user does not operate the band setting of
stream data when there is room in the transmission band
25 for the terminal device, and the stream data with the
high picture quality can be transmitted to the terminal
device automatically for example.

As another viewpoint of the present invention, the system has the file device, and the function to store information not selected by the user in received stream data into the file device (Corresponds to the image recording processing) is achieved. As a result, continuously attending the stream data on the program which receives to the period simultaneously and is recorded after the attention of the stream data on the program with high attention priority becomes possible.

According to the present invention, in the information delivery system which can receive the plural kinds of digital stream data, and distribute by selecting information with high priority of the request of the user, the selected information can be distributed to the terminal device by an appropriate sending band by changing the band distribution within the range of the transmission band to which the system is limited according to the state. If such a present invention is applied to the system which can attend stream data on plural programs etc. from especially plural channels at the same time, the user can attend information on the demand from various stream data in real time, and continuous and appropriate band distribution without requiring a complex procedure by which the band distribution of each channel is operated can be achieved.

Additional objects and advantages of the invention

will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention may be realized and
5 obtained by means of the instrumentalities and combinations particularly pointed out hereinafter.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate presently preferred embodiments of the invention,
10 and together with the general description given above and the detailed description of the preferred embodiments given below, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

15 FIG. 1 is a block diagram which shows a basic construction of the embodiment of the present invention of the information delivery system;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram to explain the construction of the local area network system in FIG. 1;

20 FIG. 3 is a flowchart to explain the operation of this system;

FIG. 4 is a block diagram which shows a construction of the stream distribution server of this system specifically;

25 FIG. 5 is a block diagram which shows a specific construction of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer included in this stream distribution server;

FIG. 6 is a flowchart to explain a specific operation of the stream distribution server;

FIG. 7 is a conceptual rendering showing a concrete example of the priority table information on this stream distribution server; and

FIG. 8 is a conceptual rendering showing the concrete example of stream data in this system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Hereafter, an embodiment of the present invention will be explained referring to the drawing.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram which shows a basic construction of the system relating to this embodiment. FIG. 2 is a block diagram to explain the construction in the local area network of this system. FIG. 3 is a flowchart to explain the operation of this system. (Construction of Information Delivery System)

The information delivery system of this embodiment is constructed with a local area network 1 installed in an ordinary home and the network to which a stream data is supplied as shown in FIG. 1. The local area network 1 is a limitation range network which corresponds to conventional LAN against an external network (wide area network). The network on the supply side assumes a digital broadcasting system 5 and a VOD (video on demand) system 6. The digital broadcasting system 5 is a digital satellite broadcasting office and a CATV (cabled television) broadcasting station, etc.

Various programs, which are digital stream data BS, are broadcast. The VOD system 6 transmits the video information in the movie etc. which are digital stream data VS according to the request from the user.

5 The local area network 1 roughly consists of a stream distribution server 2, a plurality of terminal devices 3, and a file device 4. The terminal device 3 is a display for the user to attend stream data and is a television set or a personal computer. The terminal
10 device 3 of this embodiment assumes not only mere reception function of the stream data but also the device having the function to transmit various requests and the instructions to the stream distribution server 2 and the external network. Here, the external network
15 means the communication network where the VOD system 6 is connected.

 The stream distribution server 2 is a main component of the local area network 1, and has a function to connect with the outside broadcasting
20 networks and the communication network, and to distribute the transmitted stream data to each terminal device 3 based on a fixed distribution condition (Described later). A specific construction of stream distribution server 2 is described later referring to
25 FIG. 4.

 The file device 4 is a storage device with a large capacitance used for storing (recording) received

stream data and holding setting information (table information described later) to set the distribution condition. Specific, it is a hard disk drive and is an optical disk drive.

5 (Operation of the System)

In addition, especially, a specific function of the local area network 1 and the stream distribution operation referring to FIG. 2 and FIG. 3 will be explained.

10 The stream distribution server 2 has the plurality of reception means to connect with each of the broadcasting network and the communication network, and can receive plural kinds of the stream data in the lump at the same time. The stream distribution server 2 mixes
15 received stream data, selects partial stream data (It is specific informational of the packet unit described later) based on a fixed distribution condition (Request from terminal device 3 specifically), and sends to the terminal device 3. To achieve such a function, the
20 stream distribution server 2 has each element of a stream output control section 10 and a stream manager 11 as shown in FIG. 2.

Hereafter, the stream distribution operation is explained as a main of the operation of stream
25 distribution server 2 referring to the flowchart of FIG. 3.

First, the user operates the input device of

terminal device 3, and requests one of or both of
the reception of the broadcasting stream BS from the
broadcasting network and the distribution of the video
stream VS from the VOD system 6 through the communica-
5 tion network. The stream distribution server 2
executes processing necessary for distributing each
stream at the distribution request of either of them
(steps S1 to S5).

In this embodiment, a case where each of stream
10 data BS and VS is received from each network is assumed.
That is, the stream distribution server 2 executes a
processing of inputting the broadcasting stream data BS
from the broadcasting system 5 and the video stream
data VS from the VOD system 6, and generating mixture
15 stream data (steps S1, S3, S4, S6, and S7).

The stream distribution server 2 selects
an information decided from mixed stream data based on
a fixed distribution condition (attention request),
that is, an information with high priority. A unit
20 information on the selection corresponds to a sub-
stream data on the packet unit specifically. The
stream manager 11 selects the sub-stream data referring
to table information 4A according to priority, and
sends the sub-stream data from the stream output
25 control section 10 to the terminal device 3 (steps S8
to S10). The table information 4A corresponds to a
destination managing table having packet identification

information (packet identifier) which identifies each packet constructing a stream data as described later (see FIG. 5). The table information 4A may be memorized to an internal memory of the stream distribution server 2.

The stream output control section 10 has a filter which adjusts the data transmission band of output stream data, and outputs selected stream data to the terminal device 3 by a fixed band (means an amount of data per the unit time as mentioned above). Here, the data transmission band (amount of the sending data to the terminal device 3) is limited in the local area network 1. Therefore, the stream output control section 10 adjusts the total band within the predetermined range of the band limitation value by the filter when outputting the stream data in high order of priority.

In addition, the stream manager 11 has the function to store the received stream data in the file device 4. Specifically, an information on relatively low priority is stored in the file device 4 for an information on the relatively high priority selected from the mixed stream data (steps S11 and S12). The stream manager 11 stores (records) an information specified in the received stream data into the file device 4 according to the instruction from the terminal device 3.

(Construction and Operation of Stream Distribution Server)

FIG. 4 is a block diagram which shows a specific construction of the stream distribution server 2 according to this embodiment.

The stream distribution server 2 has a stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20, a local area network manager 21, a local area network communication section 22, a wide area network communication section 23, a broadcasting receiver 24, a file I/O section 25, a stream filter 26, and a content information manager 27.

The wide area network communication section 23 is connected with an outside communication network, and receives the video stream data VS from the VOD system 6 in this embodiment. The broadcasting receiver 24 is connected with the broadcasting network, and receives the broadcasting stream data BS from the broadcasting system 5 in this embodiment. The local area network communication section 22 is connected with terminal device 3, and inputs the output of the stream data and the command from the terminal device 3.

The stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 receives the video stream data VS from the wide area network communication section 23 and the broadcasting stream data BS from the broadcasting receiver 24 in the lump and joins (mixes) them. In addition, the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 extracts a packet data,

which is corresponds to the attention request from each terminal device 3, from the stream data to redistribute it to each terminal device 3 again. The local area network manager 21 monitors the use state of the local area network, and allocates the band to each terminal device 3 within the predetermined range of the limitation value. Therefore, the band allocated in each terminal device 3 will change according to the use state of the local area network.

Each terminal device 3 has a stream filter 26. The stream filter 26 controls the band when the stream data on the packet unit selected by the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 is transmitted to each terminal device 3. That is, the stream filter 26 adjusts the transfer rate of the output stream to the terminal device 3 to become within the range of the band allocated by the local area network manager 21. Specifically, the stream filter 26 has a transfer rate adjustment (filtering processing) function called as, for example, Stream Shaping method, and adjusts the band to become within the range of the allocated band referring to the priority table described later (reduction in the amount of data). Here, the Stream Shaping is a method of filtering the packet which adjusts the amount of the transmission data while maintaining the quality of the stream as much as possible based on the packet priority for the stream

made a packet.

The local area network manager 21 not only manages a transmission of the stream data from an external network but also comprises a function to perform a local area communication (extension telephone etc.), a wide area communication such as an internet, a facsimiles, and telephone, and a control and monitoring of home electric appliances product which exists in the home, etc.

10 The contents information manager 27 manages the program information and the data information multiplexed in the broadcasting stream data, and information on the stream data stored in the file device 4 in the lump as content information. The
15 content information includes a file name, a content title, a reproduction time, a bit rate, quality information for adjusting the transmission band, a parameter necessary for the reproduction, information on the packet identifier and a packet priority, a
20 broadcasting starting time, a broadcasting end time, and additional information added by the user, etc. The stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 selects and extracts program information from the stream data received from the broadcasting network through the
25 broadcasting reception section 24, and outputs this information to the content management information 27. When the content information providing request is

accepted from the terminal device 3, the local area network manager 21 acquires content information from the content information manager 27, and transmits this to the terminal device 3. When the attention request,
5 the recording request or the reservation recording request is accepted from the terminal device 3, the content information is acquired from the content information manager 27, and the stream data transmission processing, the recording processing, and the
10 reservation recording processing are executed referring to this content information.

(Construction of Stream Multiplexer-demultiplexer 20)

FIG. 5 is a block diagram which shows a specific construction of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 installed in the above-mentioned stream distribution
15 server 2.

The stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 has a data processing section 30, a data input section 31, a data output section 32, an input buffer section 33, an
20 output buffer section 34, a transmitting and receiving manager 35, a source managing table memory section 36, and a destination managing table memory section 37.

The data processing section 30 is a main element of stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20, and executes
25 the distribution processing of the stream data (sending processing) according to the above-mentioned distribution condition. Specifically, the data processing

section 30 consists of the memory which stores a program necessary for the microprocessor (CPU) and the operation.

5 The data input section 31 is connected with the above-mentioned wide area network communication section 23 and the broadcasting receiver 24, and inputs the video stream data VS and the broadcasting stream data BS to store into the input buffer section 33. The data input section 31 also inputs the file information
10 (VS/BS) from the file I/O section 25. The output buffer section 34 holds the stream data selected (branched) by the data processing section 30 in the packet unit. The data output section 32 extracts the information of the packet unit held in the output
15 buffer section 34 one by one, and outputs it to the above-mentioned stream filter 26 and the content information manager 27. The transmitting and receiving manager 35 is connected with the above-mentioned local area network manager 21, and transmits and receives
20 various settings (registration) information necessary for distribution processing of information of the packet unit.

The data processing section 30 and the transmitting and receiving manager 35 manage the source
25 managing table memory section 36 and the destination managing table memory section 37, and registers various setting information. That is, the data processing

section 30 registers an information which shows a source of the stream data in the source managing table memory section 36 as a various setting information. The data processing section 30 registers an information which shows a destination of the stream data to the output destination managing table 37A of the destination managing table memory section 37. In addition, the data processing section 30 registers the packet identifier (packet identification information) of the stream data on each every output destination in the packet identifier managing table 37B of the destination managing table memory section 37. The transmitting and receiving manager 35 can also perform the above register processing.

When a certain program A has been constructed with a video Val, an audio Aa1, an audio Aa2, and a character information Cal, and there is an attention request from a certain terminal device 3 about the video Val and the audio Aa2 of the program A, an information corresponding to the content of the attention request is registered in the destination managing table memory section 37. When the content of the attention request from the terminal device 3 (program and the component) is changed, the destination managing table memory section 37 is renewed according to it. When a pause request is performed from the terminal device 3, a flag, which shows the pause, is

set to the destination managing table memory section 37.
As a result, data processing section 30 pauses the
output of information on each every output destination.

It becomes possible to perform the setting to
5 distribute a plurality of programs to a certain
terminal device 3 by using the destination managing
table memory section 37. In addition, a validity/
invalidity of the information sending is set in the
destination managing table memory section 37 on every
10 output destination. The setting or the registration of
these setting information can be dynamically changed in
the transmitting and receiving processing of the stream
data.

(Specific Operation of the Stream Distribution Server)

15 A specific operation of the system of this
embodiment will be explained referring to a flowchart
of FIG. 6, and FIG. 7 and FIG. 8 in addition to FIG. 4
and FIG. 5 based on a specific construction of the
above-mentioned stream distribution server.

20 Here, the stream distribution server 2 expediently
assumes the case which receives the broadcasting
stream BS, selects the program stream requested by
the user, and distributes it to the terminal device 3.
The digital broadcasting stream BS is a multiplex
25 stream to which a plurality of programs are multiplexed.
The multiplex stream, which consists of, for example,
MPEG (Moving Picture Coding Group) 2-TS (Transport

Stream) as shown in FIG. 8 as a concrete example, is assumed. This embodiment shows a multiplex stream by which the packet identifier (identification information which corresponds to PID) is added to the header section of each packet which constructs the stream.

The data processing section 30 of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 selects a specific program stream referring to the packet identifier of the broadcasting stream BS stored in the input buffer 33 (steps S20 to S22). That is, the data processing section 30 registers the packet identifier according to the attention request program from the terminal device 3 in the packet identifier managing table 37B.

Here, a method of acquiring program information (guide information of contents which want to attend) in the terminal device 3 will be explained. The stream distribution server 2 regularly extracts the program information multiplexed in the received broadcasting stream BS, and stores it into the file device 4.

Here, an EPG (Electronic Program Guide) information is assumed as a concrete example of the program information. And, the stream distribution server 2 transmits the stored EPG information to the terminal device 3 according to the request from the terminal device 3. In this case, the stream distribution server 2 may create the menu which combines program schedules with GUI for the control by processing EPG information,

and present on the display of the terminal device 3.

The terminal device 3 comprises the screen synthesis means for achieving superimpose and a multi-screen to attend a plurality of programs. The terminal
5 device 3 can request the attention of plural programs by these means. However, the terminal device 3 basically receives one program of the SD (Standard Definition) level (standard picture quality) and can receive plural programs only when there is room in the
10 band in the local area network. The program at the HD (High Definition) level with the higher picture quality than the SD level can be received when there is room in the band in the local area network.

Next, the stream distribution server 2 executes
15 a processing in which the stream data of the packet unit selected by the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 is output to the terminal device 3 (step S24). Here, the local area network manager 21 of the stream distribution server 2 classifies and monitors the
20 transmission of the stream data on the local area network and other communications (a telephone, an internet connection, and a FAX, etc.) according to the types of the information and users. That is, the local area network manager 21 keeps the band for which the
25 local area network can be used at the present time within the predetermined range of the limitation band.

The stream distribution server 2 sends the

selected stream data to the terminal device 3 through the stream filter 26. Here, the stream data is distributed according to the specification (picture quality) of the attention request from the terminal device 3 in a case that there is room in the band for which the local area network can be used by monitoring the local area network manager 21. That is, the stream filter 26 outputs stream data to the terminal device 3 by the band (amount of data) which coincides with the specification of the HD level, if there is room in the band, for example, when the stream data at the HD level is requested.

On the other hand, the stream filter 26 adjusts the transmission band of the stream data within the range of the allocated band to the terminal device 3 as mentioned above when there is no room in the band for which the local area network can be used (That is, the amount of the stream of the transmission data is reduced). That is, by the filtering processing of the stream filter 26, the stream data within the range of the limitation band is passed, is transmitted to the terminal device 3 (step S23). Therefore, when the attention request from the terminal device 3 is the stream data of, for example, a high band, like the HD level, the amount of data distributed by the filtering processing is reduced. Specifically, the reduction in the distributing number of programs or the information

qualities of one program will be reduced. Here, the information quality means, for example, the number of frames of the display per second, the space resolutions, the distribution program numbers, and contents etc.

5 of voice information (presence of the multi national language voice etc.).

As mentioned above, the stream distribution server 2 of this embodiment dynamically changes the transmission band which can be used by the filtering processing within the range of the limitation band in the local area network. Specifically, first, the stream distribution server 2 executes the distribution of the stream data according to the attention request for example for the terminal device 3. At this time, the stream distribution server 2 reduces the allocated band to the terminal device 3 by the filtering processing of the stream filter 26 as described above if the room of the band in the local area network is reduced. Therefore, the attention can be continued in the terminal device 3 even though the quality of the stream data transmitted to the terminal device 3 is deteriorated. Naturally, the quality of the stream data returns to the original ones if the room of the band in the local area network can be provided.

25 Here, the stream filter 26 corresponding to each terminal device 3 is provided inside the stream distribution server 2. For example, the stream filter 26

executes a filtering processing of having (creating)
the priority table (consists of the packet identifier
and the priority data) shown in FIG. 7, and adjusts
(reduces) the amount of the transmission data referring
5 to this priority table to become within the allocated
band. For example, a Stream Shaping method is used as
such filtering processing.

The terminal device 3 notifies the stream
distribution server 2 the recording request to record
10 the program stream data on attending (YES in step S25).
The stream distribution server 2 generates the stream
branch from the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20,
and executes the file output processing (step S26).
That is, the local area network manager 21, which
15 receives the recording request, controls the
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20, and the file I/O section
25, and stores the stream data to be recorded in the
file device 4 as shown in FIG. 4. When the stream
distribution server 2 receives the recording reserva-
20 tion request from the terminal device 3, the recording
reservation setting is performed to the content
information manager 27. A recording starting matter
is notified from the content manager 27 to the local
area network manager 21 when becoming the broadcasting
25 starting time of the program that the recording
reservation is performed. And, the local area network
manager 21 performs the same processing as a usual

recording.

In addition, when the program attention reservation is requested from the terminal device 3, the stream distribution server 2 registers the schedule of the program attention beforehand. The stream distribution server 2 automatically changes the stream branch from the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 based on the registered attention schedule information, and executes the distribution processing of the stream data along the time table of the attention reservation for the terminal device 3. As a result, the channel switch is automatically achieved in the terminal device 3. In any case of a main image and a sub-image, the attention reservation can be set.

Next, a pause request is notified to the stream distribution server 2 when the attention of the program is paused on the terminal device 3 side (YES in step S27). The stream distribution server 2 changes the setting of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20, and stops the distribution processing of the stream data (steps S28 and S29). The flag showing the pause state is set in the destination managing table memory section 37 as mentioned above. In this case, the stream distribution server 2 holds other setting information (program under attending and filtering information, etc.), and maintains the state of the pause until a resume request is notified from the terminal device 3

(step S30).

Hereafter, the filtering processing of this embodiment will be explained referring to the concrete example, especially.

5 First, the terminal device 3 notifies the stream distribution server 2 the attention request of the plurality of programs to be attended (It is expediently assumed programs A, B, and C). The terminal device 3 notifies the attention priority and filtering
10 information. It is assumed the attention priority is set as program B, A, and C. When the band, for which the local area network can be used, is narrow, the stream distribution server 2 simply reduces the number of distribution programs. That is, the stream
15 distribution server 2 distributes only program B to the terminal device 3 for example, and stops the distribution of other programs A and C. In this case, when, for example, programs A and C are stored in the file device 4, and can be distributed if room is
20 provided in the band. Only program B is distributed by the quality of the attention request (Setting according to filtering information), and other programs A and C may be distributed by debasing the quality by filtering processing of the above-mentioned filter of the stream
25 section 26 (reducing amount of data) (for example, the deletion of the voice information and the reduction of the image quality). In this case, the stream filter 26

executes the transfer rate control by which the amount of data is reduced referring to the priority table shown in FIG. 7.

5 In addition, when the band, for which the local area network can be used, is few, the stream distribution server 2 deteriorates, for example, the image quality (picture quality) of each of programs B, A, and C by the stream filter 26, and controls the amount of the transmission data within the range of the
10 usable band. As a result, the terminal device 3 can tentatively attend all of requesting each of programs B, A, and C even if the picture quality is deteriorated.

Here, the attention priority and the filtering information from the terminal device 3 are notified to
15 the stream filter 26. The local area network manager 21 executes the change in the allocation band of each terminal device. The local area network manager 21 notifies the stream filter 26 a usable band of the local area network when the allocated band is changed.
20 As a result, the stream filter 26 executes the filtering processing of the stream data on each program according to the priority table which is created and stored beforehand.

In addition, as another concrete example, when the
25 attention of the program including the image at the HD level has been reserved from a certain terminal device 3, the case that the room of the band of the local area

network is a little is assumed at starting broadcasting
of the program. The stream distribution server 2
converts the stream data into the image at the SD level
by the filtering processing of the stream filter 26 and
5 distributes to the terminal device 3 when judging that
the transmission of the image at HD level is difficult.
At this time, the stream distribution server 2
temporarily stores the image at the HD level in the
file device 4, and notifies the terminal device 3
10 a predetermined message. The message includes, for
example, "the quality of the program under the
distribution is adjusted because of the band limitation
of the local area network", and "an original program at
the HD level is being recorded simultaneously" etc.
15 Here, when the recording request is regularly received
from the terminal device 3, the stream distribution
server 2 manages storing the image at the HD level
temporarily stored in the file device 4. On the other
hand, the image temporarily stored in the file device 4
20 may be automatically erased when there is no regular
recording request even if regulated time passes.

When the terminal device 3 attends a plurality
of programs A and B (Here, it is assumed that the
attention priority of program A is higher) at the same
25 time, the case where the current attention state cannot
be maintained is assumed by the congestion of the local
area network. The stream distribution server 2 pauses

the distribution of the program B with low attention
priority, and reduces the amount of the transmission
data. And, when the congestion of the local area
network is canceled, the stream distribution server 2
5 restarts the distribution processing of the program B.
Here, when the program B distribution stops, the stream
distribution server 2 may temporarily store the image
at the SD level included in the program into the file
device 4. In this case, the image, which was not able
10 to be attended, can be attended later though it becomes
a partial recording program B.

(Function of Stream Multiplexer-demultiplexer 20)

Here, the function of the stream multiplexer-
demultiplexer 20 which is a main element of the stream
15 distribution server 2 is as mentioned above. That is,
there are a registration of the output destination of
the stream data (output destination managing table 37A),
a registration of the packet identifier of stream data
of each every output destination (packet identifier
20 managing table 37B), and a setting of the information
sending at the output destination unit (destination
managing table memory section 37) as a setting
procedure of the branch condition of the received
stream data.

25 As described above, the stream multiplexer-
demultiplexer 20 registers the packet identifier to
the output destination unit. Here, at the branch

processing, the output destination list is obtained from the packet identifier. Since this processing is generated at the packet unit, a speed-up is requested to improve the throughput. The packet identifier managing table 37B is a table to obtain the output destination from the packet identifier. An information, in which the output destination is not defined, is canceled. The function to set the state flag at the table to set validity/invalidity of the information sending at the output destination unit is provided. When the transmission of the stream data is stopped temporarily or restarted, this function can be used. (Application Example of the Embodiment)

Hereafter, an operation of the stream distribution server when this embodiment is applied to a concrete example will be explained. (Broadcasting Attention)

A case where the terminal device A puts out the attention request of a program X is assumed, now. Where, the program X is constructed with the data of the packet identifiers pid1, pid2, and pid3.

The contents information manager 27 in the stream distribution server 2 manages the program information, and has information to specify whether each program is constructed with the data of which packet identifier. The local area network manager 21 in the stream distribution server 2 receives the attention and recording

request, etc. from the terminal device A, and performs
the setting of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer
20 and the stream filter 26. The local area network
manager 21 monitors the local area network, and
5 performs the band setting of the stream filter 26 if
necessary.

An output buffer buf-a for the terminal device A
is prepared in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20.
In addition, a stream filter flt-a for the terminal
10 device A is prepared therein. It is recorded that
the data of packet identifiers pid1, pid2, and pid3
are output to the output buffer buf-a in the output
destination managing table 37A. It is recorded that
each data of packet identifiers pid1 to pid3 is output
15 to the output buffer buf-a in the packet identifier
managing table 37B (inverted table).

The data processing section 30 of the stream
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 acquires the packet
identifier of an input data, and determines the data
20 output destination referring to the packet identifier
managing table 37B. The stream branch route to the
terminal device A is established by such processing.
(Attention of the Same Program by Another Terminal
Device)

25 Here, a case where the terminal device B different
from the terminal device A puts out the attention
request of the same program X is assumed. The output

buffer buf-b for the terminal device B is similarly prepared in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20. The stream filter flt-b for the terminal device B is also prepared. A fact the data of the packet identifiers pid1, pid2, and pid3 is output to the output buffer buf-b is recorded to the output destination managing table 37A. The packet identifier managing table 37B is renewed, and it is recorded that each data of packet identifiers pid1 to pid3 is output to the output buffer buf-a and the output buffer buf-b.

The data processing section 30 in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 acquires the packet identifier of the input data, and determines the data output destination referring to the packet identifier managing table 37B. Therefore, each data of packet identifiers pid1 to pid3 is delivered to the terminal device A and the terminal device B, respectively. The attention of the same program will be achieved by such processing in a plurality of terminal devices A and B. (Attention of Another Program by Another Terminal Device)

It is assumed the terminal device C different from the terminal devices A and B puts out the attention request of the program Y different from the program X. Here, the program Y is constructed with the data of the packet identifiers pid4, pid5, pid6, and pid7. The output buffer buf-c for the terminal device C is

prepared in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20.
The stream filter flt-c for the terminal device C is
also prepared therein. A fact the data of the packet
identifiers pid4, pid5, pid6, and pid7 is output to
5 the output buffer buf-c is recorded to the output
destination managing table 37A. The packet identifier
managing table 37B is renewed, and it is recorded that
each data of the packet identifier pid1 to pid3 is
output to the output buffer buf-a and the output buffer
10 buf-b. In addition, it is recorded that each data of
the packet identifiers pid4, pid5, pid6, and pid7 is
output to the output buffer buf-c.

The data processing section 30 in the stream
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 acquires the packet
15 identifier of the input data, and determines the data
output destination referring to the packet identifier
managing table 37B. Therefore, each data of the packet
identifiers pid1 to pid3 is delivered to the terminal
device A and the terminal device B, respectively.
20 Each data of the packet identifiers pid4 to pid7 is
delivered to the terminal device C. The deliveries of
the same program X and the different program Y are
achieved by such processing in the plurality of the
terminal devices A, B, and C.

25 (Band Limitation)

Next, a case where the allocated band to the
terminal device C is decreased is assumed according to

the change of the use state of the local area network. Here, the data corresponding to the packet identifiers pid4, pid5, and pid6 of the program Y, is assumed to be partial data which constructs the image data. When
5 receiving all of each data of packets identifiers pid4, pid5, and pid6, it is assumed a high-quality image can be reproduced on the terminal device C side. The data of the packet identifier pid7 is a voice data. It is assumed that this program Y is data capable of
10 adjusting the quality (adjusting the band) by the Stream Shaping processing.

In addition, the priority between the image data is assumed to be the order of the packet identifiers pid4, pid5, and pid6. The user can specify the
15 priority of the image and the voice. That is, the data priority order of the program Y is settable either of in the order of packet identifier pid4, pid5, pid6, and pid7 or in the order of packet identifier pid7, pid4, pid5, and pid6.

20 The local area network manager 21 in the stream distribution server 2 acquires the packet priority information referring to the content information manager 27. In addition, the request (priority setting of the image and the voice) from the terminal device C
25 is reflected, and a setting of the priority table of the stream filter flt-c (band setting of each data) of the local area network manager 21 corresponding to the

terminal device C is performed. The local area network manager 21 sets the band newly calculated to the stream filter flt-c corresponding to the terminal device C.

5 The stream filter flt-c performs the Stream Shaping processing according to the set priority table and the set band. That is, the transmission rate of the stream data delivered from the stream filter flt-c to the terminal device C is adjusted. The delivery of the stream data which limits the transmission band
10 (The amount of data is reduced) is achieved by such processing.
(Pause and Resume)

Next, a case where the terminal device B puts out the request of the pause while attending the program is
15 assumed. When the request of the pause is received from the terminal device B, the local area network manager 21 in the stream distribution server 2 performs the setting of the pause of the stream delivery to the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20. Here, there is
20 a flag which sets validity/invalidity of the output destination for each output buffer (a to c) in the output destination managing table 37A of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20. The stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 turns off an valid flag of the output
25 destination corresponding to the terminal device B when the stream delivery to the terminal device B is paused, and invalidates the output. In this case, the output

destination managing table 37A and the packet identifier managing table 37B hold the setting (settings other than the valid flag of the output destination) corresponding to the terminal device B as-is.

5 On the other hand, when the terminal device B puts out the resume request, the local area network manager 21 turns on a valid flag of the output destination by the output destination managing table 37A. Here, the data processing section 30 in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 refers to a valid flag of the output destination in the output destination managing table 37A when outputting data. When the valid flag is in off state, the data processing section 30 does not execute the data output.

10 When the program, to which the terminal device B attends, is the VOD (video on demand), the terminal device B can put out the pause request of the stream delivery to the VOD server. A function to switch the stream delivery to the terminal device to the output to the file device 4 is provided while pausing in any case that the program to which the terminal device B attends is the broadcasting or the VOD. In this case, when the pause is resumed, each of the output from the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 to the file device 4, the input from the file device 4 to the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20, and the output of the input data to the stream filter 26 is executed at the same time.

That is, the data which flows to the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 while stopping the stream delivery to the terminal device B temporarily is never lost without attending, and the attention, which
5 continues after releasing the pause, becomes possible (time shift attention function). It may be temporarily stored in an internal memory of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 (not shown) but not the file device 4, if the capacity of an internal memory of the stream
10 multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 is sufficient.

The pause/resume of the stream delivery, and the time shift attention function under the pause are achieved by such processing.

(Attention of Storage Stream)

15 The content information manager 27 in the stream distribution server 2 also manages information of contents stored in the file device 4 through the file I/O section 25. Here, a case where the terminal device A puts out the acquisition request of content informa-
20 tion to the stream distribution server 2 is assumed.

When the request from the terminal device A is accepted, the local area network manager 21 in the stream distribution server 2 acquires content informa-
25 tion from the content information manager 27 and transmits it to the terminal device A.

In addition, the terminal device A decides the attention object contents is a file m (This is a

stream) referring to the received content information,
and puts out the attention request of the file m in
addition to the program X of the current attention.
When the attention request of the file m is

5 accepted, the local area network manager 21 changes
the stream input setting of the stream multiplexer-
demultiplexer 20.

The stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 puts out
the input request of the file m to the file I/O section
10 25. The file I/O section 25 reads the file m from
the file device 4, and outputs this to the stream
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20. Here, an inflow stream
from the file I/O section 25 and the broadcasting
stream BS are multiplexed in data input section 31 in
15 the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20. In addition,
the output destination managing table 37a and the
packet identifier managing table 37b in the stream
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 are set to output the file
m to the output buffer buf-a corresponding to the
20 terminal device A.

The data processing section 30 in the stream
multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 sends only the program X
and the data of the file m to the output buffer buf-a
corresponding to the terminal device A. As a result,
25 the multiplex stream of the program X and the file m
are transmitted to the terminal device A. Therefore,
the program X and the file m can be attended at the

same time at the terminal device A. Naturally, the setting, to which only the file m is attended, is possible.

(VOD Attention)

5 In addition, a concrete example when the embodiment is applied to the use of VOD will be explained.

 The stream distribution server 2 is assumed to have acquired information on the VOD server of the wide area (information to be accessed). The terminal device
10 D puts out the attention request of the VOD to the stream distribution server 2 not to the VOD server.

 When the attention request of the VOD from the terminal device D is accepted, the local area network manager 21 in the stream distribution server 2 controls
15 the wide area network communication section 23, and connects it with the VOD server of the wide area. As a result, the local area network manager 21 receives the stream data VS transmitted from the VOD server through the wide area network communication section 23. In
20 addition, the local area network manager 21 performs the setting of the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 and the stream filter 26, and establishes the stream delivery route to the terminal device D. That is, the output buffer buf-d for the terminal device D is
25 prepared in the stream multiplexer-demultiplexer 20 as mentioned-above. A stream filter d for the terminal device D is prepared.

The stream delivery from the VOD server of the local area is started by such processing, and the attention of the requesting stream data VS becomes possible at the terminal device D.

5 Additional advantages and modifications will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Therefore, the invention in its broader aspects is not limited to the specific details and representative embodiments shown and described herein. Accordingly, various
10 modifications may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the general inventive concept as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

CLAIMS

1. A stream distribution system comprising a stream distribution server, a plurality of terminal devices each having a information reproduction function,
5 and a local area network for connecting both of said stream distribution server and said terminal devices, wherein

said stream distribution server comprises:

reception means for receiving a stream data of a digital form transmitted through a broadcasting network
10 or a communication network;

selection means for selecting a predetermined unit of information from the stream data received by said reception means based on a distribution condition set
15 by said terminal device which has an information reproduction function;

file I/O means for controlling a file device under management of said stream distribution server and for outputting information selected by said selection means
20 to said file device; and

transmission means for transmitting information selected by said selection means to said terminal device after executing a predetermined processing according to a limitation of a preset data transmission
25 band.

2. The stream distribution system according to claim 1, wherein

said stream data is constructed with information on a packet unit, and a packet identifier for identifying data in a packet is added to each packet, and

5 said selection means includes means for receiving
a plurality of said stream data transmitted through
said broadcasting network and a plurality of said
stream data transmitted through said communication
network in the lump, and for mixing or re-multiplexing
each of said stream data.

10 3. The Stream distribution system according to
claim 1, wherein said selection means includes an
attention request from said terminal device as said
distribution condition, and said selection means
selects and extracts the predetermined unit information
15 to which attention is requested from said terminal
device from the stream data received by said reception
means by referring to identification information for
identifying information on the predetermined unit which
constructs said stream data.

20 4. The stream distribution system according to
claim 1, wherein said transmission means includes
filter means for adjusting said transmission band when
said selected information is transmitted to said
terminal device within a limited range of said
25 transmission band corresponding to an amount of a
transmission data for each unit time.

5. The stream distribution system according to

claim 1, wherein said selection means outputs the
stream data to said file I/O means when generating a
recording request from said terminal device or suiting
a predetermined recording condition, and said file I/O
5 means stores the stream data received from said
selection means.

6. A stream distribution system comprising:
a stream distribution server, a plurality of
terminal devices each having a information reproduction
10 function, and a local area network connecting both of
said stream distribution server and said terminal
device, wherein

said stream distribution server targets the stream
data constructed with information on a packet unit,
15 wherein an identifier to identify a type of data in the
packet is added to each packet, and comprises:

a plurality of reception means for receiving said
stream data transmitted through a broadcasting network
or a communication network;

20 selection means capable of connecting said
plurality of reception means, for mixing or re-
multiplexing a plurality of said stream data input from
said reception means, for selecting and extracting a
predetermined unit of information which coincides with
25 the attention and recording request accepted from said
terminal device by referring to the identification
information to identify the predetermined unit of

information which constructs said stream data, and for branching and distributing the selected and extracted information to said transmission means or said file I/O means corresponding to said terminal device;

5 transmission means for transmitting to said terminal device by using said filter means to adjust the transmission band of the stream data received from said selection means on a limitation of the predetermined data transmission band; and

10 file I/O means for controlling a file device under management of said stream distribution server and for outputting information selected by said selection means to said file device.

7. The stream distribution system according to
15 claim 6, wherein said file I/O means includes means for outputting the stored information read from said file device to said selection means when suiting a request from said terminal device or a pregiven condition.

8. The stream distribution system according to
20 claim 6, wherein said filter means includes a priority table describing a correspondence between said packet identification information and a packet priority, obtains said packet priority for each packet unit in said stream data referring to said priority table, and
25 adjusts the transmission band of said stream data by performing a packet filtering based on said packet priority.

9. The stream distribution system according to claim 8, further comprising

5 setting means for setting a limitation of the transmission band allocated to said terminal device according to a use state of the network between the stream distribution system and said terminal device and for setting said priority table included said filter means, wherein

10 said transmission means receives the stream data from said selection means, and transmits the stream data to said terminal device after adjusting an amount of data to keep a limitation of the transmission band set by said setting means by using said filter means.

15 10. The stream distribution system according to claim 6, wherein said setting means controls said setting means, said file I/O means and said transmission means according to a storage data reading request from said terminal device, and transmits said stream data stored in said file device to said terminal device
20 through said file I/O means, said selection means and said transmission means.

11. The stream distribution system according to claim 6, wherein

25 said setting means accepts the attention request or the recording request from said terminal device, and changes a setting of the said reception means, a branch setting of said selection means and a setting of said

transmission means or the said file I/O means according to the request, and

5 said selection means outputs the stream data received from said reception means or said file I/O means to said transmission means at the attention request, or to the file I/O means at the recording request according to a said branch instruction.

12. The stream distribution system according to claim 6, wherein

10 said selection means includes means for being valid or invalid for transmission of the stream data to said terminal device based on a flag information, and pauses transmission of the stream data to said terminal device by turning off said flag information according to a pause request from said terminal device, and
15 restarts transmission of the stream data by turning on said flag information according to a resume request from said terminal device.

13. The stream distribution system according to claim 12, wherein

20 said setting means includes means for controlling said selection means and said file I/O means according to a pause request and a resume request from said terminal device, for interrupting transmitting the
25 stream data, which is transmitted to said terminal device, to said terminal device and storing the stream data to said file device through said file I/O device

according to the pause request, and for reading the stream data, which has been stored and untransmitted, to said file I/O means by a first-in-first-out processing in parallel with storing the stream data to said file device and transmitting them to said terminal device through said selection means and said transmission means.

14. The stream distribution system according to claim 9, further comprising

content information management means for managing program information and data information, which are multiplexed in the stream data, and information relating to the stream data stored in said file device in a lump as content information, and

said content information includes a file name, a content title, a reproducing time, a bit rate, quality information for adjusting a transmission band, a parameter necessary for reproducing, a packet identifier, information relating a packet priority, a broadcast starting time, and additional information added by a user,

said selection means selects and extracts program information from the stream data received from the broadcasting network through said reception means, and outputs to said content information management means, and

said setting means obtains said content

information from said content information management means to transmit it to said terminal device when receiving a content management information presentation request from said terminal device, and obtains said
5 content information from said content information management means to perform a stream data transmission processing, an image recording processing, and a recording reservation processing when receiving an attention request, an image recording request, and a
10 recording reservation request from said terminal device, respectively.

15. The stream distribution system according to claim 14, wherein

said setting means executes:

15 a processing of obtaining said content information from said content information management means to transmit it to said terminal device when receiving a content management information presentation request from said terminal device;

20 a processing of, when an attention request is accepted from said terminal device, inquiring of said content information management means, wherein if a response from said content information management means is the attention request of the stream data under
25 reception from the broadcasting network or the communication network, said setting means executes processings of changing a setting of said selection means and said

transmission means, selecting and extracting the
attention request data, and transmitting it to said
terminal device, and wherein if a response from said
content information management means is an attention
5 request of the stream data stored in the file device
under management of said stream distribution server,
said setting means executes processings of changing
a setting of said selection means, said transmission
means, and said file I/O means, reading the stream data
10 from the file device, and transmitting it to said
terminal device; and

a processing of inquiring said contents managing
means when a recording request is accepted from said
terminal device, wherein if a response from said
15 content information management means is a recording
request of the stream data under reception from the
broadcasting network or the communication network while
not under recording, said setting means executes
processings of changing settings of said selection
20 means, said transmission means, and said file I/O means
storing the stream data for recording to said file
device, and wherein a response from said content
information management means is a recording request of
the stream data from the broadcasting network or the
25 communication network and under recording processing
already, said setting means executes a processing of
preventing a overlap recording.

16. The stream distribution system according to
claim 9, wherein said setting means changes settings of
said selection means and said filter means according to
a demand from said terminal device when the stream data
5 is transmitted to said terminal device after the
transmission band is adjusted by said filter means, and
stores the corresponding stream data before the band is
adjusted in said file device.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A stream distribution system comprises a stream distribution server, a plurality of terminal devices each having a information reproduction function, and
5 a local area network for connecting both of the stream distribution server and the terminal devices, in which the stream distribution server comprises reception means for receiving a stream data of a digital form transmitted through a broadcasting network or a
10 communication network, selection means for selecting a predetermined unit of information from the stream data received by the reception means based on a distribution condition set by the terminal device which has an information reproduction function, file I/O means for
15 controlling a file device under management of the stream distribution server and for outputting information selected by the selection means to the file device, and transmission means for transmitting information selected by the selection means to the terminal device
20 after executing a predetermined processing according to a limitation of a preset data transmission band.

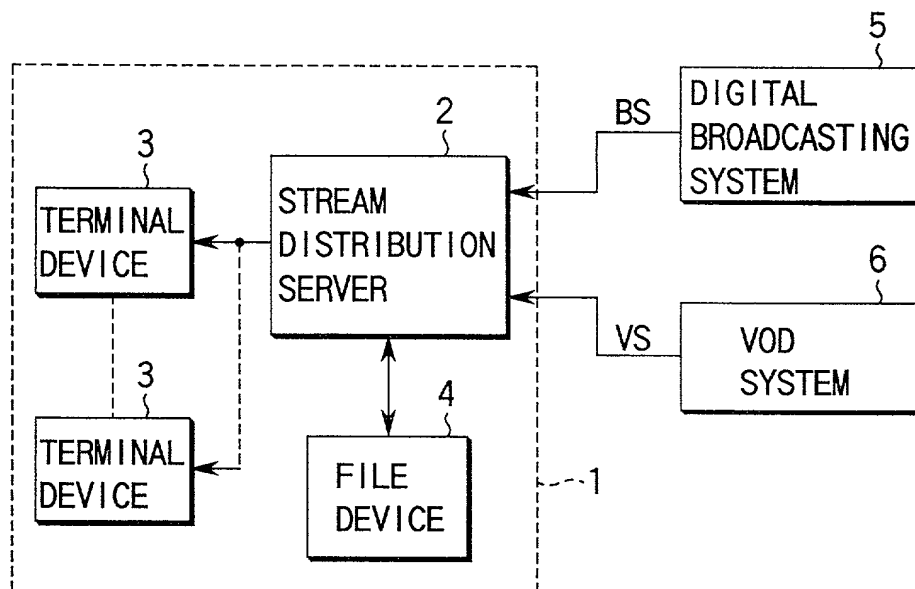


FIG. 1

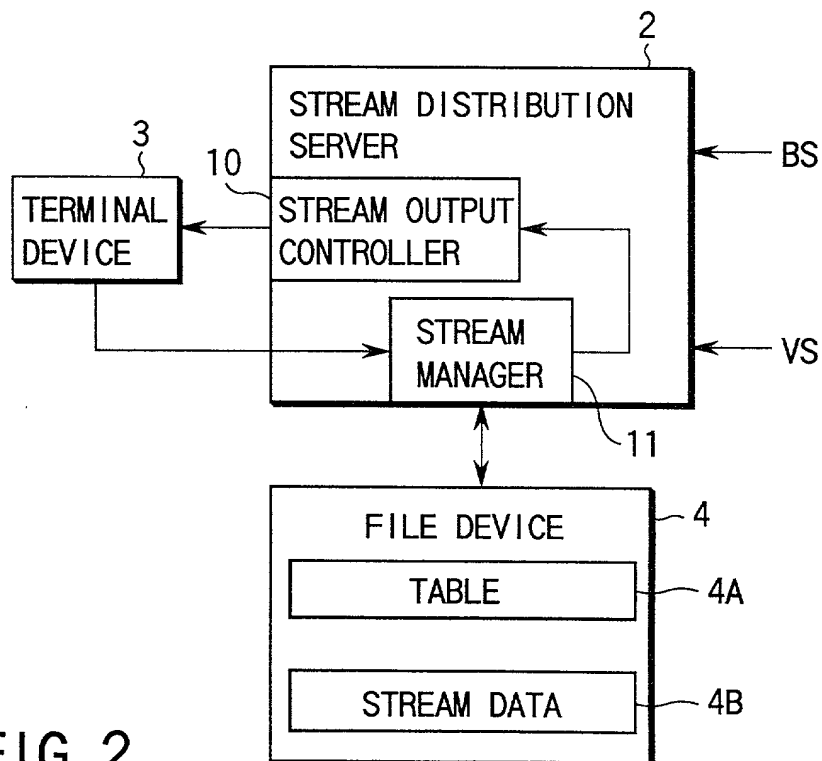


FIG. 2

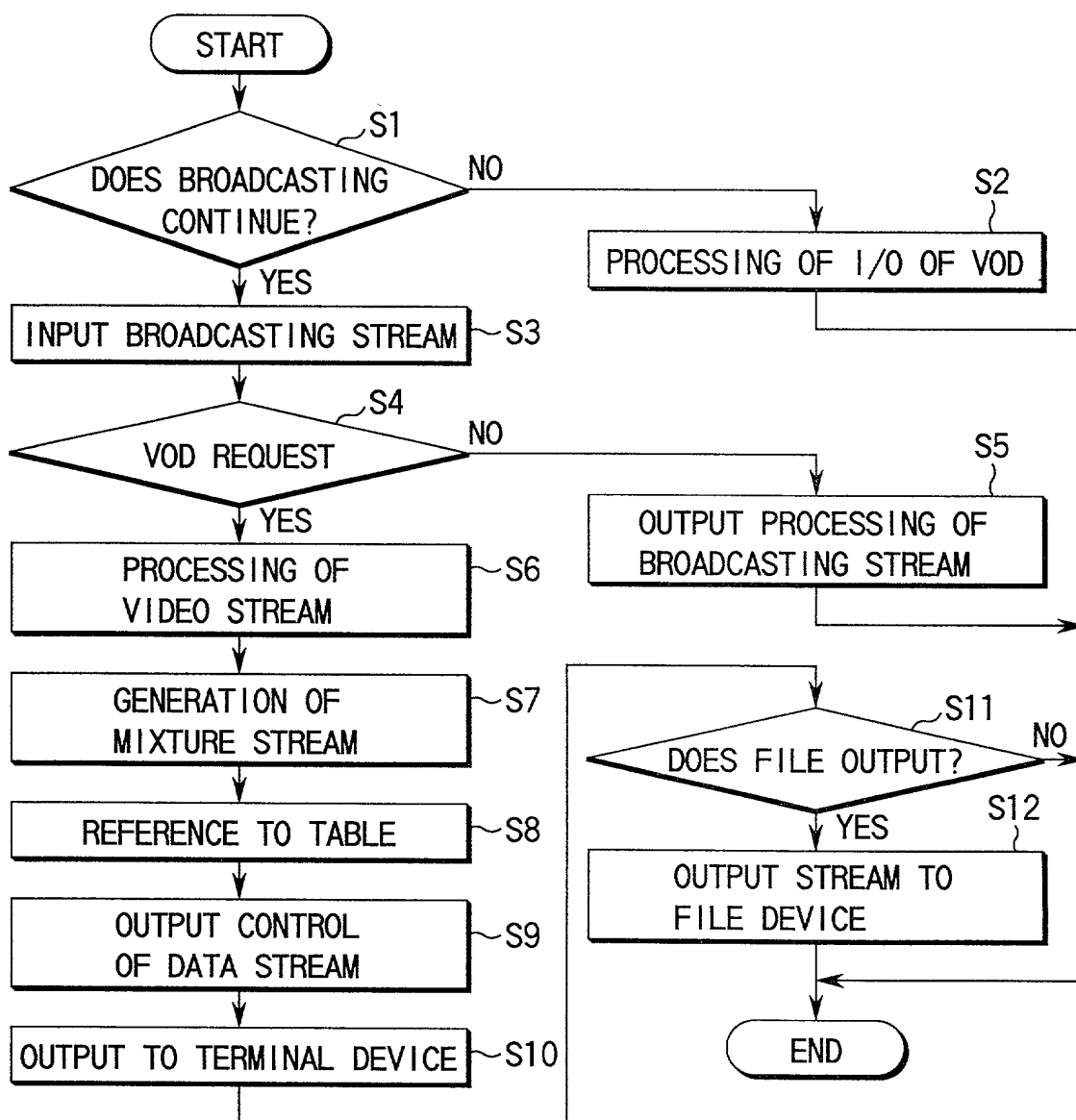


FIG. 3

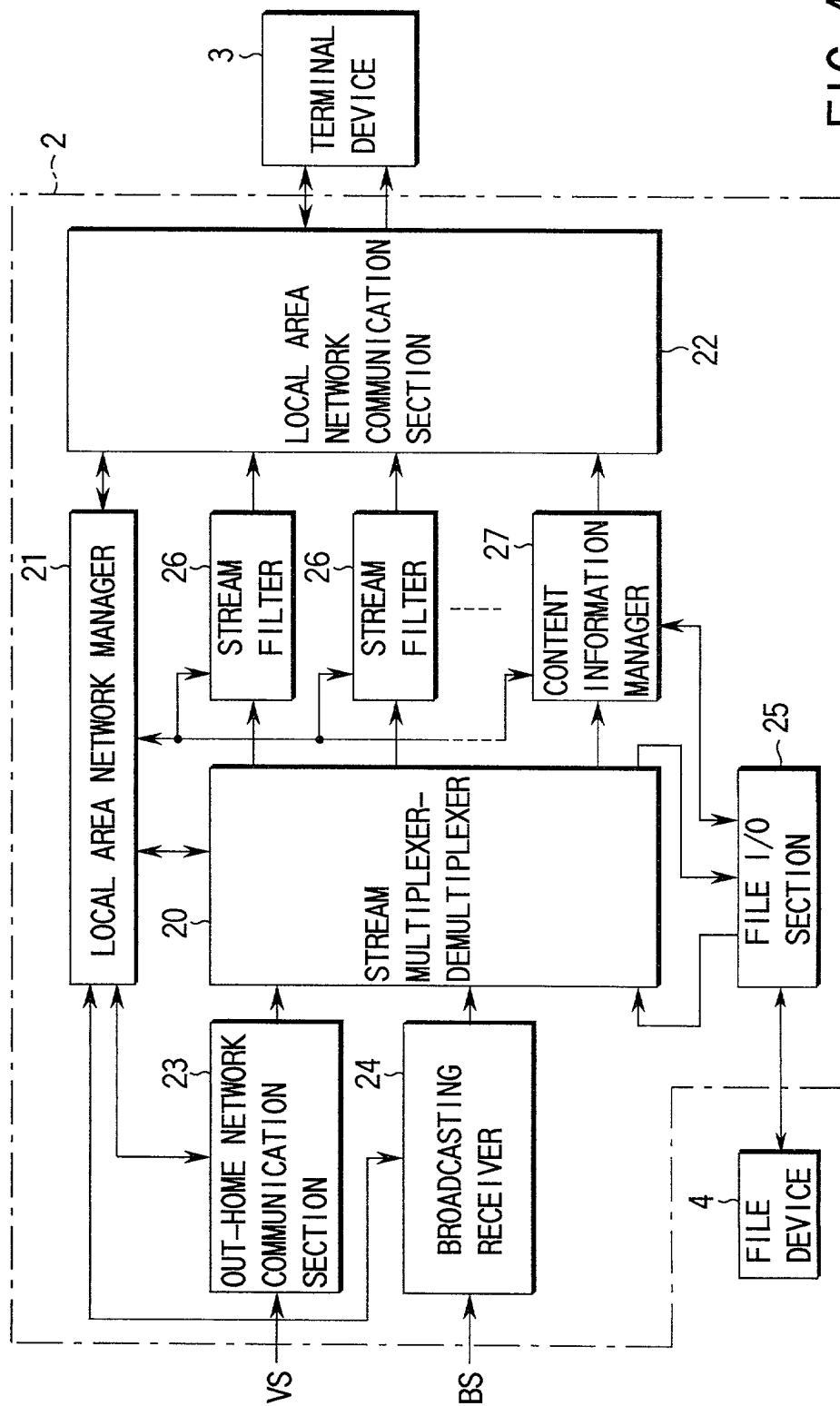


FIG. 4

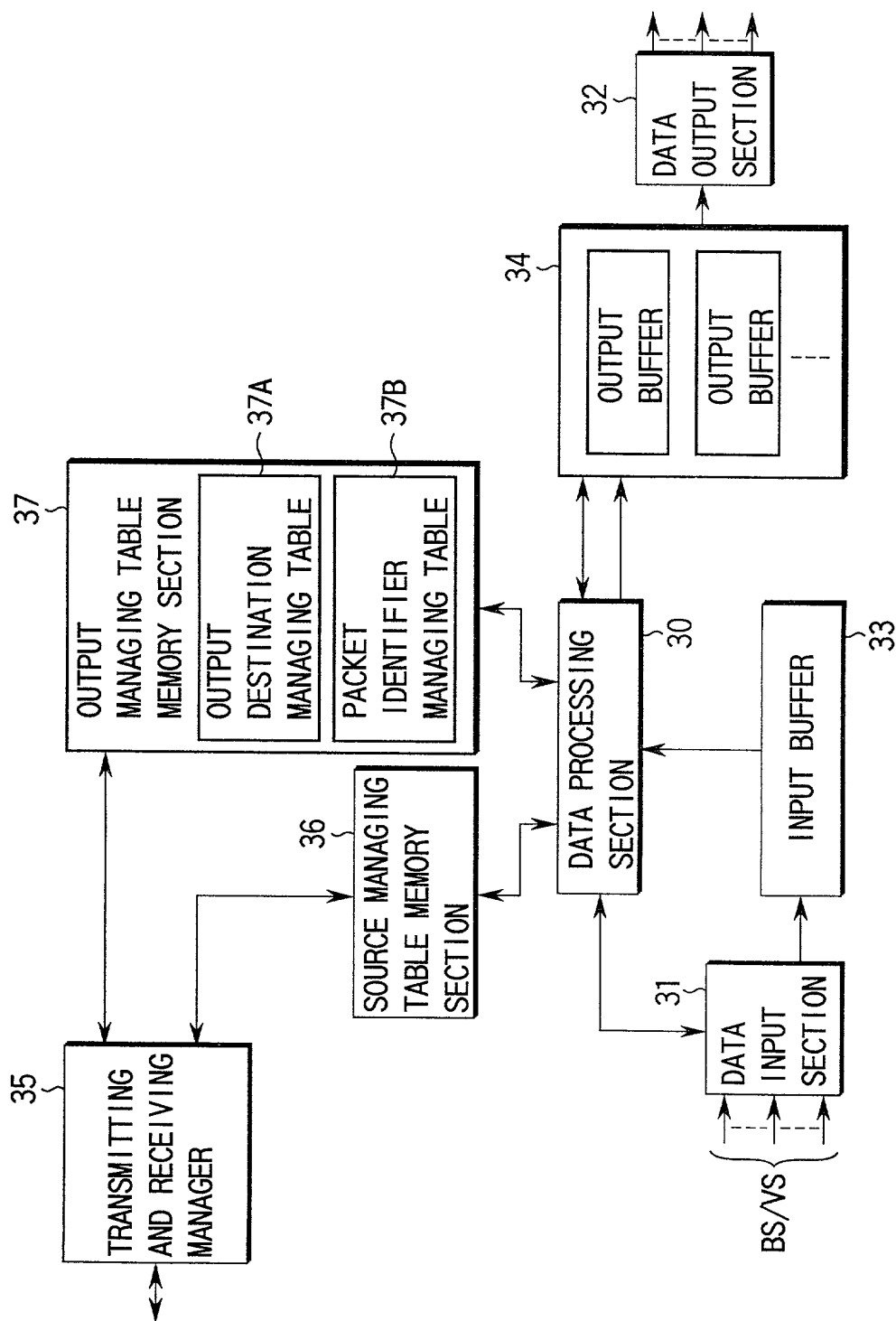


FIG. 5

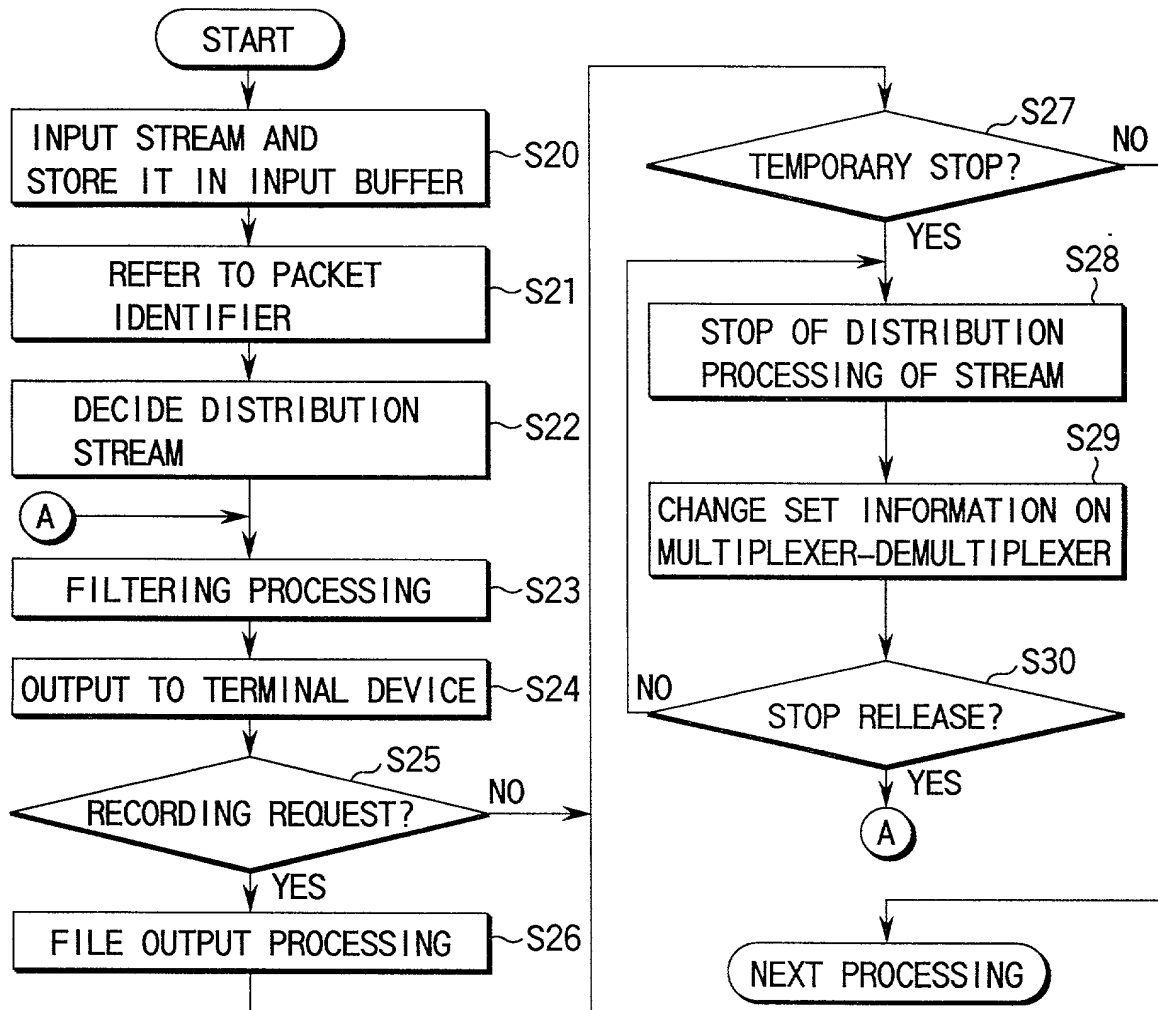


FIG. 6

4A
}

| PACKET IDENTIFIER | PRIORITY DATA |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 0X800 | 0X00 |
| ⋮ | ⋮ |
| 0X813 | 0X04 |

FIG. 7

MPEG2-TS

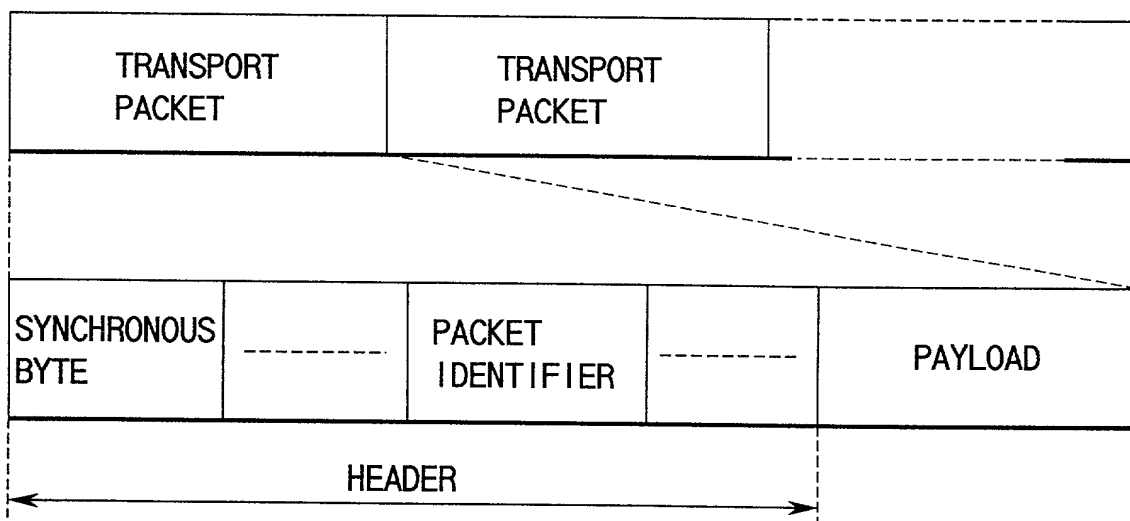


FIG. 8

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

98S0778

As a below named inventor, I declare:
that I verily believe myself to be the original, first and sole (if only one individual inventor is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if more than one individual inventor is listed below) of the invention in

STREAM DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked.

☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application
or PCT International Application No. _____, and
was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information of which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365 (b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 35 U.S.C. 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

| <u>Country</u> | <u>Category</u> | <u>Application No.</u> | <u>Filing Date</u> | <u>Priority Claim</u> |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Japan | Patent | 10-195726 | July 10, 1998 | Yes |

And I hereby appoint Bruce E. O'Connor (Reg. No. 24,849), Lee E. Johnson (Reg. No. 22,946), Gary S. Kindness (Reg. No. 22,178), James W. Anable (Reg. No. 26,827), James R. Uhler (Reg. No. 25,096), Jerald E. Nagae (Reg. No. 29,418), Dennis K. Shelton (Reg. No. 26,997), Jeffrey M. Sakoi (Reg. No. 32,059), Ward Brown (Reg. No. 28,400), Robert J. Carlson (Reg. No. 35,472), Marcia S. Kelbon (Reg. No. 34,358), Paul L. Gardner (Reg. No. 22,372) and Shaukt A. Karjeker (Reg. No. 22,372) each of whose address is 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2800, Seattle, Washington 98101-2347 or any one of them, my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent & Trademark Office connected therewith, and request that correspondence be directed to Christensen O'Connor Johnson & Kindness PLLC, 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2800, Seattle, Washington 98101-2347.

I declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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[illegible]